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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/896,226	06/29/2001	Eric J. Benjamin	AM100155	9422
35139 COZEN O' CO	7590 03/05/2007 NNOR P C	EXAMINER		
1900 MARKE	T STREET	KANTAMNENI, SHOBHA		
PHILADELPHIA, PA 19103-3508			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1617	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
		•	03/05/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)		
09/896,226	BENJAMIN ET AL.		
Examiner	Art Unit		
Shobha Kantamneni	1617		

		Shobha Kantamneni	1617	
The MAILING DATE of this communicati	on appe	ars on the cover sheet with	the correspondence ad	dress
THE REPLY FILED 12 February 2007 FAILS TO PLAC	E THIS	APPLICATION IN CONDITION	FOR ALLOWANCE.	
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior this application, applicant must timely file one of places the application in condition for allowance; a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in c time periods:	r to or on the follov (2) a No	the same day as filing a Notic ving replies: (1) an amendmen tice of Appeal (with appeal fee	e of Appeal. To avoid ab t, affidavit, or other evide) in compliance with 37 (ence, which CFR 41.31; or (3)
a) The period for reply expires 3 months from the mab The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date no event, however, will the statutory period for repl Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either b TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See	e of this A ly expire la lox (a) or (dvisory Action, or (2) the date set ater than SIX MONTHS from the n b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN	nailing date of the final rejec	tion.
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). nave been filed is the date for purposes of determining the peunder 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration daset forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Comay reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFF NOTICE OF APPEAL	eriod of ext ate of the s Office later	tension and the corresponding ame shortened statutory period for reply than three months after the mailing	ount of the fee. The appropriate originally set in the final O	oriate extension fee ffice action; or (2) as
 The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply mus AMENDMENTS 	any exte	nsion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to avoid dismissal of	ths of the date of the appeal. Since
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final re (a) They raise new issues that would require fu (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NC	urther co	nsideration and/or search (see w);	NOTE below);	
 (c) ☐ They are not deemed to place the applicati appeal; and/or (d) ☐ They present additional claims without can 				g the issues for
NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 4	_	· •	y rejected claims.	
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rej	CFR 1.1: ection(s)	21. See attached Notice of No :	•	
 Newly proposed or amended claim(s) wo non-allowable claim(s). For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendme how the new or amended claims would be rejected. The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: 	nt(s): a) ed is pro	☐ will not be entered, or b) ☐	•	_
Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: 32-42. Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE				
B. The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final a because applicant failed to provide a showing of was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e)	good an			
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date entered because the affidavit or other evidence for showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is not approximately a good. 	ailed to c	vercome <u>all</u> rejections under a y and was not earlier presente	appeal and/or appellant f d. See 37 CFR 41.33(d)	ails to provide a (1).
10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An ex			·	
11. The request for reconsideration has been consisted page.			ion in condition for allow	ance because:
12. ☐ Note the attached Information Disclosure Stater 13. ☐ Other:	ment(s).	(P10/58/08) Paper No(s)		Han
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STEEM PADMANABHAN
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

Continuation of 11:

Applicant's arguments have been fully considered, but not found persuasive, and the rejections made in the final office action are MAINTAINED.

The rejection of claims 32-42 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Raveendranath et al. (WO 9919293, PTO-1449 submitted September 18, 2001), in view of Sawicka (Pharmazie 1991, vol.46 page 519-521, PTO-1449 submitted September 28, 2001), and further in view of Gibson et al. (US 5,811,120, PTO-892) is MAINTAINED.

The rejection of claims 32-42 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Miller et al. (EP 802183, PTO-1449 submitted June 10, 2005), in view of Sawicka (Pharmazie 1991, vol.46 page 519-521, PT0-1449 submitted September 28, 2001), and further in view of Gibson et al. (US 5,811,120, PTO-892) is MAINTAINED.

Response to Applican't Arguments:

Applicant arguments have been considered, but not found persuasive because Raveendranath et al., and Miller et al. teaches that the compositions therein containing indol compounds are formulated with wetting agents such as sodium lauryl sulfate, and glidants such as magnesium stearate. Raveendranath et al., and Miller et al. do not teach the specific amounts of glidants, and wetting agents as in the instant claims. Gibson et al. teaches that raloxifene hydrochloride which contains benzothiophene, two phenolic hydroxyl groups has low solubility in water, which limits its bioavailability. Gibson teaches that raloxifene in combination with a hydrophilic carrier composition which contains surfactant, binder, lubricrant has increased solubility. Gibson also teaches such specific range of amounts of a wetting agent, and a glidant as instantly claimed in a pharmaceutical composition comprising low soluble, hydrophobic compound such as raloxifene. It would have been obvious from the teachings of Gibson et al. to employ specific amounts of wetting agents, glidants etc. in the composition taught by Raveendranath et al., and Miller et al. because the instant compound 2-(4-Hydroxy-phenyl)-3-methyl-1-[4-(2-piperidin-1-yl-ethoxyl)-benzyl]-1H-indol-5-ol, and raloxifene are both hydrophobic compounds, and would be expected to have similar solubility in water. Thus, one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention would have been motivated to employ the specific range of amounts of a filler, disintergrant components, a wetting agent, a lubricant, and a glidant in a pharmaceutical composition with reasonable expectation of obtaining a pharmaceutical composition with increased solubility, and optimum bioavailability of 2-(4-Hydroxy-phenyl)-3-methyl-1-[4-(2-piperidin-1-yl- ethoxyl)-benzyl]-1H-indol-5-ol because Gibson teaches that solubility of low soluble, hydrophobic compound, containing 2 phenolic hydroxyl is increased in the compositions therein.

Further, optimization of result specific parameters such as amounts of known ingredients in a compositions is routine to a person of ordinary skill in the art.